

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 6475

January Session, 2011

LCO No. 3466

03466_____JUD

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

Introduced by: (JUD)

AN ACT CONCERNING MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (i) of section 14-36 of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 3 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 4 (1) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall, for a
- 5 first offense, be deemed to have committed an infraction and be fined
- 6 not less than seventy-five dollars or more than ninety dollars and, for
- 7 any subsequent offense, shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty
- 8 dollars or more than three hundred fifty dollars or be imprisoned not
- 9 more than thirty days, or both.
- 10 (2) In addition to the penalty prescribed under subdivision (1) of
- 11 this subsection, any person who violates any provision of this section
- 12 who (A) has, prior to the commission of the present violation,
- committed a violation of this section or subsection (a) of section 14-215,
- 14 shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars or sentenced to
- 15 perform not more than one hundred hours of community service, or
- 16 (B) has, prior to the commission of the present violation, committed

- 17 two or more violations of this section or subsection (a) of section 14-
- 18 215, or any combination thereof, shall be sentenced to a term of
- 19 imprisonment of one year. [, ninety days of which may not be
- 20 suspended or reduced in any manner.]
- 21 Sec. 2. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 14-215 of the general
- 22 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 23 (Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after
- 24 said date):
- 25 (b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, any
- 26 person who violates any provision of subsection (a) of this section
- 27 shall, for a first offense, be fined not less than one hundred fifty dollars
- or more than two hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than ninety
- 29 days, or be both fined and imprisoned, and, for any subsequent
- 30 offense, shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars or more than
- 31 six hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than one year, or be both
- 32 fined and imprisoned.
- 33 (2) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, in addition to
- 34 the penalty prescribed under subdivision (1) of this subsection, any
- 35 person who violates any provision of subsection (a) of this section who
- 36 (A) has, prior to the commission of the present violation, committed a
- violation of subsection (a) of this section or section 14-36, as amended
- 38 by this act, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars or
- 39 sentenced to perform not more than one hundred hours of community
- 40 service, or (B) has, prior to the commission of the present violation,
- 41 committed two or more violations of subsection (a) of this section or
- section 14-36, as amended by this act, or any combination thereof, shall
- be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of one year. [, ninety days of
- 44 which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner.]
- 45 (c) (1) Any person who operates any motor vehicle during the
- 46 period such person's operator's license or right to operate a motor
- 47 vehicle in this state is under suspension or revocation on account of a
- 48 violation of subsection (a) of section 14-227a, as amended by this act, or

section 53a-56b or 53a-60d or pursuant to section 14-227b, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars and imprisoned not more than one year. [, and, in the absence of any mitigating circumstances as determined by the court, thirty consecutive days of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced in any manner.]

- (2) Any person who operates any motor vehicle during the period such person's operator's license or right to operate a motor vehicle in this state is under suspension or revocation on account of a second violation of subsection (a) of section 14-227a, as amended by this act, or section 53a-56b or 53a-60d or for the second time pursuant to section 14-227b, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars and imprisoned not more than two years. [, and, in the absence of any mitigating circumstances as determined by the court, one hundred twenty consecutive days of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced in any manner.]
- (3) Any person who operates any motor vehicle during the period such person's operator's license or right to operate a motor vehicle in this state is under suspension or revocation on account of a third or subsequent violation of subsection (a) of section 14-227a, as amended by this act, or section 53a-56b or 53a-60d or for the third or subsequent time pursuant to section 14-227b, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars and imprisoned not more than three years. [, and, in the absence of any mitigating circumstances as determined by the court, one year of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced in any manner.]
- [(4) The court shall specifically state in writing for the record the mitigating circumstances, or the absence thereof.]
- Sec. 3. Subsection (b) of section 14-223 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):

(b) No person operating a motor vehicle, when signaled to stop by an officer in a police vehicle using an audible signal device or flashing or revolving lights, shall increase the speed of the motor vehicle in an attempt to escape or elude such police officer. Any person who violates this subsection shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor, except that, if such violation causes the death or serious physical injury, as defined in section 53a-3, of another person, such person shall be guilty of a class C felony, and shall have such person's motor vehicle operator's license suspended for one year for the first offense, except that the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may, after a hearing, as provided for in subsection (k) of section 14-111, and upon a showing of compelling mitigating circumstances, reinstate such person's license before the expiration of such one-year period. For any subsequent offense such person shall be guilty of a class C felony, except that if any prior offense by such person under this subsection caused, and such subsequent offense causes, the death or serious physical injury, as defined in section 53a-3, of another person, such person shall be guilty of a class C felony, [for which one year of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court,] and shall have such person's motor vehicle operator's license suspended for not less than eighteen months nor more than two years, except that said commissioner may, after a hearing, as provided for in subsection (k) of section 14-111, and upon a showing of compelling mitigating circumstances, reinstate such person's license before such period.

Sec. 4. Subsection (g) of section 14-227a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):

Any person who violates any provision of subsection (a) of this section shall: (1) For conviction of a first violation, (A) be fined not less than five hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars, and (B) be (i) imprisoned not more than six months, [forty-eight consecutive hours of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner,] or (ii) imprisoned not more than six months, with the execution of such

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

101102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

sentence of imprisonment suspended entirely and a period of probation imposed requiring as a condition of such probation that such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, and (C) have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended for one year; (2) for conviction of a second violation within ten years after a prior conviction for the same offense, (A) be fined not less than one thousand dollars or more than four thousand dollars, (B) be imprisoned not more than two years, [one hundred twenty consecutive days of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner,] and sentenced to a period of probation requiring as a condition of such probation that such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, and (C) (i) if such person is under twenty-one years of age at the time of the offense, have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended for three years or until the date of such person's twenty-first birthday, whichever is longer, and be prohibited for the two-year period following completion of such period of suspension from operating a motor vehicle unless such motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning, approved ignition interlock device, as defined in section 14-227j, or (ii) if such person is twenty-one years of age or older at the time of the offense, have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended for one year and be prohibited for the two-year period following completion of such period of suspension from operating a motor vehicle unless such motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning, approved ignition interlock device, as defined in section 14-227; and (3) for conviction of a third and subsequent violation within ten years after a prior conviction for the same offense, (A) be fined not less than two thousand dollars or more than eight thousand dollars, (B) be imprisoned not more than three years, [one year of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner, and sentenced to a period of probation requiring as a condition of such probation that such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in

113114

115

116

117

118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

section 14-227e, and (C) have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege permanently revoked upon such third offense. For purposes of the imposition of penalties for a second or third and subsequent offense pursuant to this subsection, a conviction under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section in effect on October 1, 1981, or as amended thereafter, a conviction under the provisions of either subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of this section, a conviction under the provisions of section 53a-56b or 53a-60d or a conviction in any other state of any offense the essential elements of which are determined by the court to be substantially the same as subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of this section or section 53a-56b or 53a-60d, shall constitute a prior conviction for the same offense.

Sec. 5. Subsection (h) of section 15-133 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):

(h) Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (d) of this section shall: (1) For conviction of a first violation, (A) be fined not less than five hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars, and (B) be (i) imprisoned not more than six months, [forty-eight consecutive hours of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner,] or (ii) imprisoned not more than six months, with the execution of such sentence of imprisonment suspended entirely and a period of probation imposed requiring as a condition of such probation that such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, and (C) have such person's safe boating certificate or certificate of personal watercraft operation, if any, or right to operate a vessel that requires a safe boating certificate for operation suspended for one year; (2) for conviction of a second violation not later than ten years after a prior conviction for the same offense, (A) be fined not less than one thousand dollars or more than four thousand dollars, (B) be imprisoned not more than two years, [one hundred twenty consecutive days of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner,] and sentenced to a period of probation requiring as a

147

148

149

150

151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

178

condition of such probation that such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, and (C) have such person's safe boating certificate or certificate of personal watercraft operation, if any, or right to operate a vessel that requires a safe boating certificate for operation suspended for three years or until the date of such person's twenty-first birthday, whichever is longer; and (3) for conviction of a third and subsequent violation not later than ten years after a prior conviction for the same offense, (A) be fined not less than two thousand dollars or more than eight thousand dollars, (B) be imprisoned not more than three years, [one year of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner, and sentenced to a period of probation requiring as a condition of such probation that such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, and (C) have such person's safe boating certificate or certificate of personal watercraft operation, if any, or right to operate a vessel that requires a safe boating certificate for operation permanently revoked upon such third offense.

Sec. 6. Subsection (c) of section 15-154 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):

(c) No person operating a vessel shall refuse to stop such vessel or, if sea conditions make stopping in that area unsafe, refuse to take such vessel to a designated area after being requested or signaled to do so by such officer. Any person operating a vessel who refuses to stop or refuses to take such vessel to the designated area shall have committed an infraction. Any person, when signaled to stop by such officer in a law enforcement vessel using an audible signal device or flashing blue lights, who operates such vessel in disregard of such signal so as to (1) interfere with or endanger the operation of the law enforcement vessel or any other vessel, (2) endanger or cause damage to property or person, or (3) increase or maintain speed in an attempt to escape or elude such law enforcement officer shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor. If such violation causes the death or serious physical

injury of another person, the vessel operator shall be guilty of a class D felony, and such operator's safe boating certificate, certificate of personal watercraft operation or right to operate a vessel that requires a certificate shall be suspended for one year. For any subsequent offense, such operator shall be guilty of a class D felony, [except that if any prior offense by such operator under this section caused, and such subsequent offense causes, the death or serious physical injury of another person, such operator shall be guilty of a class D felony for which one year of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court, and such operator's safe boating certificate, certificate of personal watercraft operation or right to operate a vessel that requires a certificate shall be suspended for not less than eighteen months or more than two years. Proof of the registration number of the vessel shall be prima facie evidence in any prosecution that the owner was the operator. For purposes of this subsection, "serious physical injury" means physical injury which creates a substantial risk of death, or which causes serious disfigurement, serious impairment of health or serious loss or impairment of the function of any bodily organ.

- Sec. 7. Subsection (d) of section 15-156 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):
- (d) (1) Any person who operates any vessel during the period such person's certificate or right to operate a vessel in this state is under suspension or revocation on account of a violation of subsection (d) of section 15-133 or subsection (c) of section 15-154, as amended by this act, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars and imprisoned not more than one year. [In the absence of any mitigating circumstances, as determined by the court, thirty consecutive days of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced in any manner. The court shall specifically state, in writing, for the record any mitigating circumstances, or the absence thereof.]
- 244 (2) Any person convicted of reckless operation of a vessel in the first

213

214

215

216

217

218

219

220

221

222

223

224

225

226

227

228

229

230

231

232

233

234

235

236

237

238

239

240

241

242

- 245 or second degree while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 246 any drug, or both, in violation of section 15-140*l* or 15-140*n*, or of 247 manslaughter in the second degree with a vessel, in violation of section 248 15-132a, who operates a vessel during the period such person's 249 certificate or right to operate a vessel in this state is under suspension 250 or revocation, in addition to any penalties imposed in accordance with 251 said sections or section 15-140o, shall be fined not less than five 252 hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars and imprisoned 253 not more than one year. [In the absence of any mitigating 254 circumstances as determined by the court, thirty consecutive days of 255 the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced in any 256 manner. The court shall specifically state, in writing, for the record any 257 mitigating circumstances, or the absence thereof.]
 - (3) A court having jurisdiction of a violation of subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection may prohibit such person from operating any vessel on any waters of this state for a period of not more than two years. Notice of such suspension shall be transmitted forthwith by the court to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection and the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles.
- Sec. 8. Subsection (g) of section 17a-699 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (g) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to limit the application of any provision of the general statutes [requiring mandatory minimum sentences and] prohibiting probation for certain offenses.
- Sec. 9. Subsection (c) of section 21a-267 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (c) Any person who violates subsection (a) or (b) of this section in or on, or within one thousand five hundred feet of, the real property

259

260

261

262

comprising a public or private elementary or secondary school and who is not enrolled as a student in such school shall be [imprisoned for a term] sentenced to a term of imprisonment of one year which [shall not be suspended and] shall be in addition and consecutive to any term of imprisonment imposed for violation of subsection (a) or (b) of this section.

- Sec. 10. Section 21a-278 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):
- (a) Any person who manufactures, distributes, sells, prescribes, dispenses, compounds, transports with the intent to sell or dispense, possesses with the intent to sell or dispense, offers, gives or administers to another person one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances containing an aggregate weight of one ounce or more of heroin or methadone or an aggregate weight of one-half ounce or more of cocaine or one-half ounce or more of cocaine in a free-base form, or a substance containing five milligrams or more of lysergic acid diethylamide, except as authorized in this chapter, and who is not, at the time of such action, a drug-dependent person, shall be [imprisoned for a minimum term of] sentenced to a term of <u>imprisonment of</u> not less than five years or more than [twenty years; and, a maximum term of life imprisonment] life. [The execution of the mandatory minimum sentence imposed by the provisions of this subsection shall not be suspended, except the court may suspend the execution of such mandatory minimum sentence if at the time of the commission of the offense (1) such person was under the age of eighteen years, or (2) such person's mental capacity was significantly impaired, but not so impaired as to constitute a defense to prosecution.
- (b) Any person who manufactures, distributes, sells, prescribes, dispenses, compounds, transports with the intent to sell or dispense, possesses with the intent to sell or dispense, offers, gives or

282

283

284

285

286

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297298

299

300

301

302

303

304

305

306

308 administers to another person any narcotic substance, hallucinogenic 309 substance other than marijuana, amphetamine-type substance, or one 310 kilogram or more of a cannabis-type substance, except as authorized in 311 this chapter, and who is not, at the time of such action, a drug-312 dependent person, for a first offense shall be [imprisoned] sentenced to 313 <u>a term of imprisonment of</u> not less than five years or more than twenty 314 years; and for each subsequent offense shall be [imprisoned] sentenced 315 to a term of imprisonment of not less than ten years or more than 316 twenty-five years. [The execution of the mandatory minimum sentence 317 imposed by the provisions of this subsection shall not be suspended, 318 except the court may suspend the execution of such mandatory 319 minimum sentence if at the time of the commission of the offense (1) 320 such person was under the age of eighteen years, or (2) such person's 321 mental capacity was significantly impaired, but not so impaired as to 322 constitute a defense to prosecution.]

- Sec. 11. Section 21a-278a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):
- 326 (a) Any person eighteen years of age or older who violates section 327 21a-277 or 21a-278, as amended by this act, and who is not, at the time 328 of such action, a drug-dependent person, by distributing, selling, prescribing, dispensing, offering, giving or administering any 329 330 controlled substance to another person who is under eighteen years of 331 age and is at least two years younger than such person who is in 332 violation of section 21a-277 or 21a-278, as amended by this act, shall be 333 [imprisoned for a term] sentenced to a term of imprisonment of two 334 years, which [shall not be suspended and] shall be in addition and 335 consecutive to any term of imprisonment imposed for violation of 336 section 21a-277 or 21a-278, as amended by this act.
- 337 (b) Any person who violates section 21a-277 or 21a-278, as amended 338 by this act, by manufacturing, distributing, selling, prescribing, 339 dispensing, compounding, transporting with the intent to sell or

dispense, possessing with the intent to sell or dispense, offering, giving or administering to another person any controlled substance in or on, or within one thousand five hundred feet of, the real property comprising a public or private elementary or secondary school, a public housing project or a licensed child day care center, as defined in section 19a-77, that is identified as a child day care center by a sign posted in a conspicuous place shall be [imprisoned for a term] sentenced to a term of imprisonment of three years [,] which [shall not be suspended and] shall be in addition and consecutive to any term of imprisonment imposed for violation of section 21a-277 or 21a-278, as amended by this act. To constitute a violation of this subsection, an act of transporting or possessing a controlled substance shall be with intent to sell or dispense in or on, or within one thousand five hundred feet of, the real property comprising a public or private elementary or secondary school, a public housing project or a licensed child day care center, as defined in section 19a-77, that is identified as a child day care center by a sign posted in a conspicuous place. For the purposes of this subsection, "public housing project" means dwelling accommodations operated as a state or federally subsidized multifamily housing project by a housing authority, nonprofit corporation or municipal developer, as defined in section 8-39, pursuant to chapter 128 or by the Connecticut Housing Authority pursuant to chapter 129.

(c) Any person who employs, hires, uses, persuades, induces, entices or coerces a person under eighteen years of age to violate section 21a-277 or 21a-278, as amended by this act, shall be [imprisoned for a term] sentenced to a term of imprisonment of three years [,] which [shall not be suspended and] shall be in addition and consecutive to any term of imprisonment imposed for violation of section 21a-277 or 21a-278, as amended by this act.

Sec. 12. Subsection (d) of section 21a-279 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):

340

341

342

343

344

345

346

347

348

349

350

351

352 353

354

355

356

357

358

359

360 361

362

363

364

365366

367

368

369

370

(d) Any person who violates subsection (a), (b) or (c) of this section in or on, or within one thousand five hundred feet of, the real property comprising a public or private elementary or secondary school and who is not enrolled as a student in such school or a licensed child day care center, as defined in section 19a-77, that is identified as a child day care center by a sign posted in a conspicuous place shall be [imprisoned for a term] sentenced to a term of imprisonment of two years, which [shall not be suspended and] shall be in addition and consecutive to any term of imprisonment imposed for violation of subsection (a), (b) or (c) of this section.

- Sec. 13. Subsection (b) of section 29-34 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
 - (b) No person shall sell, barter, hire, lend, give, deliver or otherwise transfer to any person under the age of twenty-one years any pistol or revolver, except that a pistol or revolver may be temporarily transferred to any person only for the use by such person in target shooting or on a firing or shooting range, provided such use is otherwise permitted by law and is under the immediate supervision of a person eligible to possess a pistol or revolver. Any person violating any provision of this subsection shall be guilty of a class D felony. [for which one year of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 14. Subsection (b) of section 29-37 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (b) Any person violating any provision of subsection (a) of section 29-35 may be fined not more than one thousand dollars and shall be [imprisoned] sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than one year or more than five years. [, and, in the absence of any mitigating circumstances as determined by the court, one year of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court. The court

shall specifically state the mitigating circumstances, or the absence thereof, in writing for the record.] Any pistol or revolver found in the possession of any person in violation of any provision of subsection (a) of section 29-35 shall be forfeited.

Sec. 15. Subsection (a) of section 53-21 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):

(a) Any person who (1) wilfully or unlawfully causes or permits any child under the age of sixteen years to be placed in such a situation that the life or limb of such child is endangered, the health of such child is likely to be injured or the morals of such child are likely to be impaired, or does any act likely to impair the health or morals of any such child, or (2) has contact with the intimate parts, as defined in section 53a-65, of a child under the age of sixteen years or subjects a child under sixteen years of age to contact with the intimate parts of such person, in a sexual and indecent manner likely to impair the health or morals of such child, or (3) permanently transfers the legal or physical custody of a child under the age of sixteen years to another person for money or other valuable consideration or acquires or receives the legal or physical custody of a child under the age of sixteen years from another person upon payment of money or other valuable consideration to such other person or a third person, except in connection with an adoption proceeding that complies with the provisions of chapter 803, shall be guilty of a class C felony for a violation of subdivision (1) or (3) of this subsection and a class B felony for a violation of subdivision (2) of this subsection. [, except that, if the violation is of subdivision (2) of this subsection and the victim of the offense is under thirteen years of age, such person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]

Sec. 16. Subsection (a) of section 53-202b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*

408

409

410

411

412

413

414

415

416

417

418

419

420

421

422

423

424

425

426

427

428

429

430

431

432

433

434

- 436 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (a) (1) Any person who, within this state, distributes, transports or imports into the state, keeps for sale, or offers or exposes for sale, or who gives any assault weapon, except as provided by sections 29-37j and 53-202a to 53-202k, inclusive, as amended by this act, and subsection (h) of section 53a-46a, shall be guilty of a class C felony.
- 442 [and shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which two years
- 443 may not be suspended or reduced.]

445

446

447

448

- (2) Any person who transfers, sells or gives any assault weapon to a person under eighteen years of age in violation of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of six years, which [shall not be suspended or reduced and] shall be in addition and consecutive to the term of imprisonment imposed under subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- Sec. 17. Subsection (a) of section 53-202c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 453 (a) Except as provided in section 53-202e, any person who, within 454 this state, possesses any assault weapon, except as provided in sections 455 29-37j, 53-202a to 53-202k, inclusive, as amended by this act, and 53-456 2020 and subsection (h) of section 53a-46a, shall be guilty of a class D 457 felony; [and shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which one 458 year may not be suspended or reduced;] except that a first-time 459 violation of this subsection shall be a class A misdemeanor if (1) the 460 person presents proof that he lawfully possessed the assault weapon 461 prior to October 1, 1993, and (2) the person has otherwise possessed 462 the firearm in compliance with subsection (d) of section 53-202d.
- Sec. 18. Section 53-202j of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):

Any person who commits any class A, B or C felony and in the 466 467 commission of such felony uses, or is armed with and threatens the use 468 of, or displays, or represents by his words or conduct that he possesses 469 an assault weapon, as defined in section 53-202a, shall be [imprisoned 470 for a term] sentenced to a term of imprisonment of eight years, which 471 [shall not be suspended or reduced and] shall be in addition and 472 consecutive to any term of imprisonment imposed for conviction of 473 such felony.

- 474 Sec. 19. Section 53-202k of the general statutes is repealed and the 475 following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2011, and 476 applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
 - Any person who commits any class A, B or C felony and in the commission of such felony uses, or is armed with and threatens the use of, or displays, or represents by his words or conduct that he possesses any firearm, as defined in section 53a-3, except an assault weapon, as defined in section 53-202a, shall be [imprisoned for a term] sentenced to a term of imprisonment of five years, which [shall not be suspended or reduced and] shall be in addition and consecutive to any term of imprisonment imposed for conviction of such felony.
 - Sec. 20. Subsection (b) of section 53a-24 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 488 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, 489 the provisions of sections 53a-28 to 53a-44, inclusive, as amended by 490 this act, shall apply to motor vehicle violations. Said provisions shall 491 apply to convictions under section 21a-278, as amended by this act. 492 [except that the execution of any mandatory minimum sentence 493 imposed under the provisions of said section may not be suspended.]
- 494 Sec. 21. Subsection (a) of section 53a-30 of the general statutes is 495 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 496 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):

477

478

479

480

481

482 483

484

485

486

(a) When imposing sentence of probation or conditional discharge, the court may, as a condition of the sentence, order that the defendant: (1) Work faithfully at a suitable employment or faithfully pursue a course of study or of vocational training that will equip the defendant for suitable employment; (2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment and remain in a specified institution, when required for that purpose; (3) support the defendant's dependents and meet other family obligations; (4) make restitution of the fruits of the defendant's offense or make restitution, in an amount the defendant can afford to pay or provide in a suitable manner, for the loss or damage caused thereby and the court may fix the amount thereof and the manner of performance; (5) if a minor, (A) reside with the minor's parents or in a suitable foster home, (B) attend school, and (C) contribute to the minor's own support in any home or foster home; (6) post a bond or other security for the performance of any or all conditions imposed; (7) refrain from violating any criminal law of the United States, this state or any other state; (8) if convicted of a misdemeanor or a felony, other than a capital felony, a class A felony or a violation of section 21a-278, as amended by this act, 21a-278a, as amended by this act, 53a-55, 53a-56, 53a-56b, 53a-57, 53a-58 or 53a-70b, [or any offense for which there is a mandatory minimum sentence which may not be suspended or reduced by the court,] and any sentence of imprisonment is suspended, participate in an alternate incarceration program; (9) reside in a residential community center or halfway house approved by the Commissioner of Correction, and contribute to the cost incident to such residence; (10) participate in a program of community service labor in accordance with section 53a-39c; (11) participate in a program of community service in accordance with section 51-181c; (12) if convicted of a violation of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21, as amended by this act, section 53a-70, as amended by this act, 53a-70a, as amended by this act, 53a-70b, 53a-71, as amended by this act, 53a-72a or 53a-72b, as amended by this act, undergo specialized sexual offender treatment; (13) if convicted of a criminal offense against a victim who is a minor, a nonviolent sexual offense or a

497

498

499

500

501

502

503

504

505

506

507

508

509

510

511

512

513

514

515

516

517

518519

520

521

522

523

524

525

526

527

528

529

sexually violent offense, as defined in section 54-250, or of a felony that the court finds was committed for a sexual purpose, as provided in section 54-254, register such person's identifying factors, as defined in section 54-250, with the Commissioner of Public Safety when required pursuant to section 54-251, 54-252 or 54-253, as the case may be; (14) be subject to electronic monitoring, which may include the use of a global positioning system; (15) if convicted of a violation of section 46a-58, 53-37a, 53a-181j, 53a-181k or 53a-181l, participate in an anti-bias crime education program; (16) if convicted of a violation of section 53-247, undergo psychiatric or psychological counseling or participate in an animal cruelty prevention and education program provided such a program exists and is available to the defendant; or (17) satisfy any other conditions reasonably related to the defendant's rehabilitation. The court shall cause a copy of any such order to be delivered to the defendant and to the probation officer, if any.

Sec. 22. Subsection (c) of section 53a-35 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):

(c) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, the minimum term of an indeterminate sentence shall be fixed by the court and specified in the sentence as follows: (1) For a class A felony, the minimum term shall not be less than ten nor more than twenty-five years; (2) for a class B, C or D felony the court may fix a minimum term of not less than one year nor more than one-half of the maximum term imposed, except that (A) where the maximum is less than three years the minimum term may be more than one-half the maximum term imposed, or (B) when a person is found guilty under section 53a-59(a)(1), section 53a-59a, as amended by this act, 53a-101(a)(1) or 53a-134(a)(2), the minimum term shall be not less than five years, [and such sentence shall not be suspended or reduced,] or when a person is found guilty under section 53a-60c, as amended by this act, the minimum term shall be not less than three years, [and such sentence shall not be suspended or reduced,] or when a person is found guilty

- under section 53a-60b, <u>as amended by this act</u>, the minimum term shall be not less than two years; [and such sentence shall not be suspended or reduced;] (3) for an unclassified felony, a term in accordance with the sentence specified in the section of the general statutes that defines the crime.
- Sec. 23. Section 53a-39 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):
 - (a) At any time during the period of a definite sentence of three years or less, the sentencing court or judge may, after hearing and for good cause shown, reduce the sentence, order the defendant discharged, or order the defendant discharged on probation or conditional discharge for a period not to exceed that to which the defendant could have been originally sentenced.
 - (b) At any time during the period of a definite sentence of more than three years, upon agreement of the defendant and the state's attorney to seek review of the sentence, the sentencing court or judge may, after hearing and for good cause shown, reduce the sentence, order the defendant discharged, or order the defendant discharged on probation or conditional discharge for a period not to exceed that to which the defendant could have been originally sentenced.
 - [(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any portion of a sentence imposed that is a mandatory minimum sentence for an offense which may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
 - [(d)] (c) At a hearing held by the sentencing court or judge under this section, such court or judge shall permit any victim of the crime to appear before the court or judge for the purpose of making a statement for the record concerning whether or not the sentence of the defendant should be reduced, the defendant should be discharged or the defendant should be discharged on probation or conditional discharge pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of this section. In lieu of such

595 appearance, the victim may submit a written statement to the court or 596 judge and the court or judge shall make such statement a part of the 597 record at the hearing. For the purposes of this subsection, "victim" 598 means the victim, the legal representative of the victim or a member of 599 the deceased victim's immediate family.

600

601 602

606

611

615

- Sec. 24. Subsection (a) of section 53a-39a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 603 (a) In all cases where a defendant has been convicted of a 604 misdemeanor or a felony, other than a capital felony, a class A felony 605 or a violation of section 21a-278, as amended by this act, 21a-278a, as amended by this act, 53a-55, 53a-56, 53a-56b, 53a-57, 53a-58 or 53a-70b, 607 [or any other offense for which there is a mandatory minimum 608 sentence which may not be suspended or reduced by the court, after 609 trial or by a plea of guilty without trial, and a term of imprisonment is 610 part of a stated plea agreement or the statutory penalty provides for a term of imprisonment, the court may, in its discretion, order an 612 assessment for placement in an alternate incarceration program under 613 contract with the Judicial Department. If the Court Support Services 614 Division recommends placement in an alternate incarceration program, it shall also submit to the court a proposed alternate 616 incarceration plan. Upon completion of the assessment, the court shall 617 determine whether such defendant shall be ordered to participate in 618 such program as an alternative to incarceration. If the court determines 619 that the defendant shall participate in such program, the court shall 620 suspend any sentence of imprisonment and shall make participation in the alternate incarceration program a condition of probation as 622 provided in section 53a-30.
- 623 Sec. 25. Subsection (h) of section 53a-40 of the general statutes is 624 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 625 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 626 (h) When any person has been found to be a persistent dangerous

felony offender, the court, in lieu of imposing the sentence of imprisonment authorized by the general statutes for the crime of which such person presently stands convicted, shall (1) sentence such person to a term of imprisonment that is not (A) less than twice the minimum term of imprisonment authorized for such crime, or (B) more than twice the maximum term of imprisonment authorized for such crime or forty years, whichever is greater, [provided, if a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment is authorized for such crime, such sentence shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment that is twice such authorized mandatory minimum term of imprisonment,] and (2) if such person has, at separate times prior to the commission of the present crime, been twice convicted of and imprisoned for any of the crimes enumerated in subsection (a) of this section, sentence such person to a term of imprisonment that is not less than three times the minimum term of imprisonment authorized for such crime or more than life. [, provided, if a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment is authorized for such crime, such sentence shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment that is three times such authorized mandatory minimum term of imprisonment.]

Sec. 26. Subsection (m) of section 53a-40 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):

(m) When any person has been found to be a persistent felony offender, the court, in lieu of imposing the sentence authorized by section 53a-35a for the crime of which such person presently stands convicted, may impose the sentence of imprisonment authorized by said section for the next more serious degree of felony, [;] provided the sentence imposed may not be less than three years. [, and provided further three years of the sentence so imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]

Sec. 27. Subsection (b) of section 53a-55a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*

627

628

629

630

631

632

633

634

635

636

637

638

639

640

641

642

643

644

645

646

647

648

649

650

651

652

653

654

655

656

657

- (b) Manslaughter in the first degree with a firearm is a class B felony and any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment in accordance with subdivision (5) of section 53a-35a. [of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 28. Subsection (b) of section 53a-56a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (b) Manslaughter in the second degree with a firearm is a class C felony. [for which one year of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 29. Subsection (b) of section 53a-59 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
 - (b) Assault in the first degree is a class B felony. [provided (1) any person found guilty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court and (2) any person found guilty under subsection (a) shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which ten years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court if the victim of the offense is a person under ten years of age or if the victim of the offense is a witness, as defined in section 53a-146, and the actor knew the victim was a witness.]
- Sec. 30. Subsection (d) of section 53a-59a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (d) Assault of an elderly, blind, disabled, pregnant or mentally retarded person in the first degree is a class B felony. [and any person

675

676

677

678

679

680

681

682

- 689 found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of
- 690 imprisonment of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be
- 691 suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 31. Subsection (b) of section 53a-60a of the general statutes is
- 693 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 694 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (b) Assault in the second degree with a firearm is a class D felony.
- 696 [for which one year of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or
- 697 reduced by the court.]
- 698 Sec. 32. Subsection (d) of section 53a-60b of the general statutes is
- 699 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 700 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 701 (d) Assault of an elderly, blind, disabled, pregnant or mentally
- retarded person in the second degree is a class D felony. [and any
- person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of
- 704 imprisonment of which two years of the sentence imposed may not be
- suspended or reduced by the court.
- Sec. 33. Subsection (d) of section 53a-60c of the general statutes is
- 707 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 708 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 709 (d) Assault of an elderly, blind, disabled, pregnant or mentally
- retarded person in the second degree with a firearm is a class D felony.
- 711 [and any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a
- 712 term of imprisonment of which three years of the sentence imposed
- 713 may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 34. Subsection (b) of section 53a-61 of the general statutes is
- 715 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 716 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 717 (b) Assault in the third degree is a class A misdemeanor. [and any

- person found guilty under subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of one year which may not be suspended or reduced.]
- Sec. 35. Subsection (d) of section 53a-61a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):
- 724 (d) Assault of an elderly, blind, disabled, pregnant or mentally 725 retarded person in the third degree is a class A misdemeanor. [and any 726 person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of 727 imprisonment of one year which shall not be suspended or reduced.]
- Sec. 36. Subsection (b) of section 53a-70 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
 - (b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, sexual assault in the first degree is a class B felony. [for which two years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court or, if the victim of the offense is under ten years of age, for which ten years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
 - (2) Sexual assault in the first degree is a class A felony if the offense is a violation of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section and the victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age or the offense is a violation of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section. [Any person found guilty under said subdivision (1) or (2) shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which ten years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court if the victim is under ten years of age or of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court if the victim is under sixteen years of age.]
- 747 (3) Any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to

732

733

734

735

736

737738

739

740

741

742

743

744

- a term of imprisonment and a period of special parole pursuant to subsection (b) of section 53a-28 which together constitute a sentence of at least ten years.
- Sec. 37. Subsection (b) of section 53a-70a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):
 - (b) Aggravated sexual assault in the first degree is a class B felony or, if the victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age, a class A felony. [Any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court, except that, if such person committed sexual assault in the first degree by violating subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 53a-70, and the victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age, twenty years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.] Any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a period of special parole pursuant to subsection (b) of section 53a-28 of at least five years.
- Sec. 38. Subsection (b) of section 53a-70c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
 - (b) Aggravated sexual assault of a minor is a class A felony and any person found guilty under this section shall, for a first offense, be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of twenty-five years [which may not be suspended or reduced by the court] and, for any subsequent offense, be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of fifty years. [which may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 39. Subsection (b) of section 53a-71 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1*, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (b) Sexual assault in the second degree is a class C felony or, if the

755

756

757758

759

760

761

762

763

764

768

769

770

771

772

- victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age, a class B felony. [, and any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which nine months of the sentence imposed
- may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 40. Subsection (b) of section 53a-72b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):
- (b) Sexual assault in the third degree with a firearm is a class C felony or, if the victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age, a class B felony, and any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment [of which two years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court] and a period of special parole pursuant to subsection (b) of section 53a-28 which together constitute a sentence of ten years.
- Sec. 41. Subsection (b) of section 53a-86 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):
 - (b) Promoting prostitution in the first degree is a class B felony. [Any person found guilty under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which nine months of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 42. Subsection (b) of section 53a-90a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):
- (b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, enticing a minor is a class D felony for a first offense, a class C felony for a second offense and a class B felony for any subsequent offense.
- 806 (2) Enticing a minor is a class B felony if the victim of the offense is under thirteen years of age. [and any person found guilty of such class

796

797

798

- imprisonment of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be
- 810 suspended or reduced by the court and, for any subsequent offense, be
- 811 sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which ten years of the sentence
- 812 imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- 813 Sec. 43. Subsection (b) of section 53a-92a of the general statutes is
- 814 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 815 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 816 (b) Kidnapping in the first degree with a firearm is a class A felony.
- 817 [for which one year of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or
- 818 reduced by the court.]
- 819 Sec. 44. Subsection (b) of section 53a-94 of the general statutes is
- 820 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 821 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 822 (b) Kidnapping in the second degree is a class B felony. [for which
- 823 three years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced
- 824 by the court.]
- 825 Sec. 45. Subsection (b) of section 53a-94a of the general statutes is
- 826 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 827 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 828 (b) Kidnapping in the second degree with a firearm is a class B
- 829 felony. [for which three years of the sentence imposed may not be
- 830 suspended or reduced by the court.]
- 831 Sec. 46. Subsection (c) of section 53a-100aa of the general statutes is
- 832 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 833 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 834 (c) Home invasion is a class A felony. [and any person found guilty
- 835 under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of
- 836 which ten years may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (c) Burglary in the first degree is a class B felony. [provided any person found guilty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 48. Subsection (b) of section 53a-102a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (b) Burglary in the second degree with a firearm is a class C felony.

 [for which one year of the sentence imposed shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 49. Subsection (b) of section 53a-103a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (b) Burglary in the third degree with a firearm is a class D felony.

 [for which one year of the sentence imposed shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 50. Subsection (b) of section 53a-134 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (b) Robbery in the first degree is a class B felony. [provided any person found guilty under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 51. Section 53a-136a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):

841

842

- Sec. 52. Subsection (b) of section 53a-165aa of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (b) Hindering prosecution in the first degree is a class C felony. [and any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- 879 Sec. 53. Subsection (b) of section 53a-196a of the general statutes is 880 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 881 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
 - (b) Employing a minor in an obscene performance is a class A felony. [and any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which ten years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- 886 Sec. 54. Subsection (b) of section 53a-196c of the general statutes is 887 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 888 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 889 (b) Importing child pornography is a class B felony. [and any person 890 found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of 891 imprisonment of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be 892 suspended or reduced by the court.]
- 893 Sec. 55. Subsection (c) of section 53a-196d of the general statutes is 894 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 895 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):

873

874

875

876

877

878

882

883

884

- (c) Possessing child pornography in the first degree is a class B felony. [and any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- Sec. 56. Subsection (c) of section 53a-196e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date*):
 - (c) Possessing child pornography in the second degree is a class C felony. [and any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which two years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- 907 Sec. 57. Subsection (c) of section 53a-196f of the general statutes is 908 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 909 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 910 (c) Possessing child pornography in the third degree is a class D 911 felony. [and any person found guilty under this section shall be 912 sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which one year of the sentence 913 imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- 914 Sec. 58. Subsection (b) of section 53a-216 of the general statutes is 915 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 916 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- 917 (b) Criminal use of a firearm or electronic defense weapon is a class 918 D felony. [for which five years of the sentence imposed may not be 919 suspended or reduced by the court.]
- 920 Sec. 59. Subsection (b) of section 53a-217 of the general statutes is 921 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 922 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (b) Criminal possession of a firearm or electronic defense weapon is a class D felony. [, for which two years of the sentence imposed may

904

905

not be suspended or reduced by the court.]

925

937

938

939

940

- 926 Sec. 60. Subsection (b) of section 53a-301 of the general statutes is 927 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 928 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
- (b) Computer crime in furtherance of terrorist purposes is a class B felony. [and, if such offense is directed against any public agency, as defined in section 1-200, that is charged with the protection of public safety, five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- 934 Sec. 61. Subsection (c) of section 53a-303 of the general statutes is 935 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 936 October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date):
 - (c) Contaminating a public water supply or food supply for terrorist purposes is a class C felony. [and any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.]
- 942 Sec. 62. Section 21a-283a of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective* 943 October 1, 2011)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	14-36(i)
Sec. 2	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	14-215(b) and (c)

Sec. 3	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	14-223(b)	
Sec. 4	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	14-227a(g)	
Sec. 5	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	15-133(h)	
Sec. 6	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	15-154(c)	
Sec. 7	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	15-156(d)	
Sec. 8	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	17a-699(g)	
Sec. 9	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	21a-267(c)	
Sec. 10	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	21a-278	
Sec. 11	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	21a-278a	
Sec. 12	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	21a-279(d)	

Sec. 13	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	29-34(b)
Sec. 14	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	29-37(b)
Sec. 15	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53-21(a)
Sec. 16	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53-202b(a)
Sec. 17	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53-202c(a)
Sec. 18	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53-202j
Sec. 19	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53-202k
Sec. 20	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-24(b)
Sec. 21	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-30(a)
Sec. 22	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-35(c)

Sec. 23	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-39
Sec. 24	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-39a(a)
Sec. 25	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-40(h)
Sec. 26	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-40(m)
Sec. 27	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-55a(b)
Sec. 28	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-56a(b)
Sec. 29	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-59(b)
Sec. 30	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-59a(d)
Sec. 31	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-60a(b)
Sec. 32	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-60b(d)

Sec. 33	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-60c(d)
Sec. 34	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-61(b)
Sec. 35	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-61a(d)
Sec. 36	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-70(b)
Sec. 37	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-70a(b)
Sec. 38	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-70c(b)
Sec. 39	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-71(b)
Sec. 40	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-72b(b)
Sec. 41	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-86(b)
Sec. 42	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-90a(b)

Sec. 43	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-92a(b)
Sec. 44	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-94(b)
Sec. 45	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-94a(b)
Sec. 46	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-100aa(c)
Sec. 47	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-101(c)
Sec. 48	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-102a(b)
Sec. 49	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-103a(b)
Sec. 50	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-134(b)
Sec. 51	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-136a
Sec. 52	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-165aa(b)

Sec. 53	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences	53a-196a(b)
	imposed on or after said date	
Sec. 54	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-196c(b)
Sec. 55	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-196d(c)
Sec. 56	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-196e(c)
Sec. 57	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-196f(c)
Sec. 58	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-216(b)
Sec. 59	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-217(b)
Sec. 60	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-301(b)
Sec. 61	October 1, 2011, and applicable to sentences imposed on or after said date	53a-303(c)
Sec. 62	<i>October 1, 2011</i>	Repealer section

Statement of Purpose:

To ensure individualized sentencing by eliminating statutory provisions that require the imposition of a term of imprisonment that cannot be suspended.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]